

THE NEWSPAPER: THE NEWSPAPER

DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION AND AGRICULTURE.

VOL. VII. NO. 14.

Business Directory.

W. H. COXLEY,
CONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT,
Commissioner in the Queen's Bench,
Office on Yonge Street.
Aurora, 25th May, 1853.

ALFRED BERRY,
HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE,
AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

Aurora, April 30, 1853.

F. W. BATHRICK,

TEACHER of Music, Newmarket, C. W. Pianos
taught to order, in Town or Country, on the
shortest notice. RESIDENCE—House of Mr Brodie,
Newmarket, Sept. 6, 1853.

ff-31

J. SAXTON,

WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street New-
market. All kinds of Watches and Clocks
repaired in order, and Warranted.

WANTED—An Apprentice to learn the Business
Newmarket, September 9, 1853.

ff-32

G. B. HUTCHCROFT,

Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker,
MAIN Street Newmarket. All Orders executed
with Dispatch.

Newmarket, Fe. 6th, 1853.

ff-33

BIBLE DEPOSITORY.

BIBLES and Testaments can be had at Society's

price, upon application to Thomas Nixon, at the
Bible Depository, opposite Hewitt's Hotel.

Newmarket, March 26, 1853.

ff-10

R. MOORE,

BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney

Conveyancer, &c., Office in Elgin Building,

corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.

Toronto, June 5, 1853.

ff-11

JOHN E. JONES,

BARRISTER-IN-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,

Conveyancer, &c., Office in Elgin Building,

corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.

Toronto, June 20, 1853.

ff-12

DR. BENTLEY,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

NEWMARKET,

Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street.

Feb. 20, 1853.

ff-13

Jas. McClure & Henry Croxon,

HOLLAND LANDING,

LICENSED Auctioneers for the Counties

of York, Ontario and Simcoe. All Or-
ders punctually attended.

ff-14

ARMSTRONG House,

ADJOINING THE RAILWAY DEPOT!

And near House to the Steamboat Landing.

ff-15

G. W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR.

July 3, 1853.

ff-16

Just Printed,

AND for Sale at this Office, BLAINE MARSHALS

Certificates, adapted to the use of Ministers

of all Denominations. Price per dozen, or £34 per

per 100.

Newmarket, March 26, 1853.

ff-17

MILLINERY.

THE MISS VERNONS

HAVING opened a Millinery and Dress-making

Establishment, nearly opposite the North

American Hotel, Newmarket, soliciting patronage

of the Ladies.

Newmarket, May 28, 1853.

ff-18

RAILROAD HOTEL,

NEW MARKET.

The proprietor having again resumed the above

business, and the public are again invited to the

travelling public that the premises are in a perfect

thorough repair, and he is now prepared for the reception of guests. The BAR contains Liqueurs of the best

Brands; and the Larder well supplied.

ff-19

JAS. FORSYTH,

Newmarket, Oct. 14, 1853.

ff-20

TO THE AFFLICTED.

W. C. HUGHES begs to inform those who are

afflicted with Cancer, Bronchitis, Thick

Neck, and Salt Rheum, that he will warrant a cure

of any of the above mentioned complaints. If the

Medicine given by him does not have the desired

effect after a fair trial, the money will be returned.

Aurora, January 26th, 1853.

ff-21

COOKING STOVE FOR SALE!

FOR Sale, an excellent second hand Cooking

Stove, Term.—renewable.

Apply at the

NEW ERA OFFICE.

Newmarket, Nov. 12, 1853.

ff-22

PURE COD LIVER OIL,

Can be obtained at

Dr. NASH'S Medical Hall,

NEW MARKET.

HAVING just received a large supply; also, the

Government's Indian Root Pill, Hollis-

Elliot's Powder, Dr. Newell's Relief, Pal-

mer's Veins, Vegetable Antiseptics, Tea, Eye

Salve, Cherry and Lung Worm and Cherry Pectoral.

The above are warranted genuine from the re-

spective proprietors.

Prepared, March 25th, 1853.

ff-23

ROBERT BRODIE,

BUILDER, & CO.

In returning thanks for the liberal patronage be-

stowed during the past few years, respectfully

intimates that he is now prepared to contract for the

ERCTION OF BUILDINGS,

and when required, find all Materials. Shop on Water-street.

Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1853.

ff-24

UNITY FIRE AND UNITY

GENERAL INSURANCE ASSOCIATIONS,

OF ENGLAND,

FOR every description of Fire, and Life Assur-

ance Business.

Capital, £2,500,000 Sterling.

CHEMISTRIES—Unity Building, Cannon St., Lon-

don, England.

Toronto Branch—Toronto Street

J. W. MARSDEN.

Agent for the Counties of York and Simcoe.

Newmarket, July 31, 1853.

ff-25

Navimarket Iron Foundry.

JAMES ALLAN begs to return thanks for

past favours, and to intimation that he is pre-

pared to cast STOVES, SUGAR KETTLES,

MACHINE CASTINGS, and other articles

usually required in his line of business.

A number of SUGAR KETTLES,

and STOVES, PLOUGHs, on hand for sale.

Newmarket, February 10th, 1853.

ff-26

TO THE AFFLICTED.

W. C. HUGHES begs to inform those who are

afflicted with Cancer, Bronchitis, Thick

Neck, and Salt Rheum, that he will warrant a cure

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ff-27

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Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1853.

Moneys Received.
On Subscriptions to *New Era*, since last announcement—

John Bogart, Esq., \$1.50; Robert Weddle, \$1.50; Edward Reynolds, 75cts.; John Stokes, \$1.50; J. W. Jarvis, \$1.50; Calvin Ennes, 67cts.; Wheeler Player, \$1.50; Charles Webb, \$1.50; N. Stephens, 75cts.; Ira Doan, \$1.50; Ira Webb, \$1.50; T. L. Webb, \$1.50; Jacob Dunn, per R. C., \$1.50; Israel Hayes, \$1.50; J. S. Steele, \$1.50; Jas. Van Atta, \$1.50; Stephen Wallace, \$1.50.

New Advertisements.

Stationery—Hunting, Brother & Co., Borden, Paris and Lord—J. Leckie, Captain—McNaughton—Caution—Wm. Wells, For Sale—J. W. MacLennan, Ambrotype—W. H. Southard.

Agents for the "New Era."

AURORA—Messrs. Ashton & Macmillan.
KETTLETON—Mr. S. Snider.
LAWYERS.—Mr. J. J. Pearson.
BROWNSVILLE—Messrs. Manning & Walker.
BONHOMME—Mr. John Hoddy.
HOLLAND—LANDING—Mr. M. Raper.
EARLSTON—Mr. J. Quibell.

Agents will be appointed in other places as soon as proper persons can be selected.

The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday May 21, 1858.

General Summary.

1. The attention of our authorities is directed to a very dangerous cross-way, near the corporation boundary, on the road leading to Yonge Street. We have heard several complaints.

2. Ogle R. Gowan, thus rejected of Ontario North, has been elected by the constituency of North Leeds, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the late Dr. Church.

3. It is with pleasure we record the fact, that the Board of School Trustees have complied with the almost unanimous wish of the people, in planting out a number of shade and ornamental trees on the School House plot.

4. For the information of our towns-people, we beg to state that the Board of School Trustees meet at the Temperance Hall on the first Friday evening of every month, for the transaction of general business.

5. Our townsmen, Donald Sutherland, Esq., with a serious loss some days ago by his mill-dam giving way. The breach, however, has been repaired, and his mill is running as usual.

6. We understand the Newmarket Cricket Club have secured an excellent plot of land on Mill Street, where they purpose practicing the many games of Cricket during the coming summer. As soon as the Club decides on what days they will practice, it will be announced.

7. Dr. E. Ryerson, Chief Superintendent of Education for Upper Canada, is charged, in the *Globe* of yesterday, with appropriating £1,500 of the public moneys to his own use. The master, however, may be capable of explanation: we hope so.

8. On Friday next, the 28th instant, the friends in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Sabbath School at Aurora, purposed holding a Tea Meeting, to aid the funds of the institution. Tickets, 25 cents. Children under 12 years, half-price. Tea from two to four o'clock p.m.

9. A public meeting of the inhabitants of East Gwillimbury, called, on a requisition, by the Reeve, takes place in Sharon to-day, at two o'clock, to take the matter of dividing the County of York into two separate Counties, into consideration. The meeting last Friday was adjourned, in consequence of the meeting called to-day.

10. "Sancho Panza" was received too late for insertion this week. It will appear in our next issue.

11. "Rate-payer?" must send his name. We are inclined to believe you are mistaken; if not, why withhold the facts over your own signature? An Editor is not an "unipresent" being always?

12. The *Spirit of the Age*, a Barrie paper, has the astounding intelligence this week, that "Mr. Hartman and other Clear Grit members," left their Parliamentary duties to canvass for Mr. McDougall, in North Oxford. If the editor of the *Age* will take the trouble to look over our obituary notices of last week, he will see the cause of Mr. Hartman's temporary absence from the House, viz.: the decease of a brother. We hope our contemporary will correct this error.

13. **QUESTION FOR THE DEBATING CLUB.**—If, by the negligence of our authorities a man is allowed to sell liquors, wholesale, for five months, without license,—then ceases to be a trader, and the Village Treasury is consequently deficient £8, that right should have been paid into it, who should lose the amount,—the Municipality, or the gentlemen sworn to look after the affairs and best interests of the Municipality? With the people, it is a matter of pounds, shillings and pence; with the members of the Council, a question of duty.

Conveyancing.

The Legislative Council have passed a Bill, and sent it to the Assembly for the examination of that body, entitled "An Act to define the Liability of Persons practising as Conveyancers." As the Bill is one of considerable importance, we copy its provisions. Many individuals who now practise conveying, when they see the position in which they will be placed by this Bill, will have to desist. The following is the Act:

"I. From and after the passing of this Act, all Deeds of Bargain and Sale, Mortgages, Bonds, Wills, Conveyances and Assurances of Real Estate, Leases, Charters, Mortgages, Bills of Sale of Ships, Leases and Agreements, reduced to writing and under seal, which shall be prepared or drawn by any person other than one of the parties for fee or reward, or promise of fee or reward, shall be endorsed with a statement of the name, residence, and occupation of the person who shall so prepare or draw the same."

"II. Should any person other than one of the parties to the Deed or Instrument in writing, prepare to draw, or cause to be prepared or drawn, any Deed of Bargain or Sale, Mortgage, Bond, Will, Conveyance and Assurance of Real Estate, Leases, Charters, Mortgages, Bills of Sale of Ships, Leases and Agreements, reduced to writing under seal, for fee or reward, or promise of fee or reward, without endeavouring to keep the school without en-

deavouring upon such instrument his name, residence and occupation, such person shall be liable to a penalty of Twenty-five Pounds, recoverable with costs by civil action, at the suit of any party suing for the same, before any Court in Upper Canada having jurisdiction in cases of simple contract to such amount, upon the evidence of any one credible witness other than the plaintiff or party interested, one half of such penalty to belong to the party so suing, and the other half to the Crown: Provided always that the recovery of such penalty shall not in any manner affect the right of recovery for any mistake, error, or negligence, as hereinafter provided.

"III. Any person or body corporate shall have and enjoy the same remedy and right of action against the person or persons who shall have so advised on the Title to lands, or drawn, or prepared any such Conveyance, Deed, or Instrument for fee or reward, or promise of fee or reward, by reason of any negligence, mistake, or error therein, as such person or body corporate would now have against any Attorney, Solicitor, or Barrister-at-law who should commit a similar mistake, error or negligence in any such advice or any such deed or instrument."

Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co's Advertising Agency.

(From the New Orleans *Picayune*)

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—There are none of our State contemporaries, we believe, who have not suffered materially from having advertised for parties abroad, who have not paid their bills, or received orders through agencies which have received the "money paid, and appropriated to themselves, instead of paying it over to those to whom it legitimately belonged. It is impossible for the proprietors of papers, in the country especially, to know the character and responsibility of all who send causal work for them to perform, either as principals or agents; and the best plan for them to pursue, in order to avoid being imposed upon in this respect, is to form a connection with a reliable agency, which will relieve them of all care and risk for a moderate compensation. We have for a long time availed ourselves of this opportunity, and have profited by it. Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., of New York, who devote themselves entirely to this branch of business, are among those who have acted for us, and we have satisfaction in saying that we have found them all that we could expect, and in recommending them to the confidence of those newspaper proprietors who may wish to follow the course we recommend. They sustain a similar high reputation throughout the country.

We can cordially sanction the remarks of the *Picayune*, in reference to the firm of Messrs. Pettengill & Co., and have much pleasure in recommending them to our brethren of the Canadian press.

Appointments.

Newmarket has had a hearing at Court at last, as will be seen by reference to the following appointments, announced in last Saturday's *Gazette*:

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Toronto, 15th May, 1858.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.:

Thomas Douglas Harrington, Esquire, to be Deputy Receiver General of the Province of Canada.

Thomas Pyne, Esquire, M. D., to be an Associated Coroner for the United Counties of York and Peel.

Harcourt P. Bull, Esquire, and John Wellington Rosebrugh, Esquire, M. D., to be Associate Coroners for the City of Hamilton.

William John Harper, Esquire, of the City of Toronto, Attorney-at-law, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.

Parliamentary.

endorse upon such instrument his name, residence and occupation, such person shall be liable to a penalty of Twenty-five Pounds, recoverable with costs by civil action, at the suit of any party suing for the same, before any Court in Upper Canada having jurisdiction in cases of simple contract to such amount, upon the evidence of any one credible witness other than the plaintiff or party interested, one half of such penalty to belong to the party so suing, and the other half to the Crown: Provided always that the recovery of such penalty shall not in any manner affect the right of recovery for any mistake, error, or negligence, as hereinafter provided.

The Clarendon Sabbath School Scholars reported meeting at a party of the 1st Sabbath School at the Christian Chapel on the 1st Saturday in June, when pieces will be given by the scholars, which will be amusing and instructive to all who may attend.

And a word or two to the writer. Who is so anxious for me to reply to him. The man who tells me my opinions are "absurd, ridiculous, impudent and undetectable" because they differ from his, seems to intend a quarrel instead of a dispute, and calls me "fool" with little "more circumstance, though, perhaps, I pass for one in my sense—as pertinient to talk and prudent in life as he does; yet these are the qualities of the concerned man who talks much of right reason but means always his own, and makes his private imagination the measure of truth."

It would be very small business for me to answer questions put by an accomplice to such crimes as I spoke of, and as he wishes my views to know how to deal with me, I am not anxious to continue the controversy which commenced with one whose retaliation might lead him from watching his neighbor's poultry yard (for which he says he has been employed for six weeks,) to the watching of my sheep-fold, which is a step in the same direction.—But as he has given me such a list of names, he may add to them that of prophet for I prophesy that a cur will bark at the wrong track, so will be raised from his kennel with another yell.

Seconded by Atty. Gen. Macdonald.

Mr. Patrick thought that as the House had declared the sitting member guilty of the most outrageous acts, in addition to the falsifying of the poll-books, the member should be imprisoned as well as other persons who had been guilty of similar acts.

Atty. Gen. Macdonald considered that expression from that House was punishment of the very greatest kind, and he would not wish to add anything of less importance to it. He would ask, whether for any offence whatever, there could be a heavier punishment? And if this were so, it would certainly be a thing in the worst taste to add anything to the vote by which the party was driven from the House.

As regards the prosecution of all the guilty parties, he had no doubt that the Attorney General East would take the subject up. It was the duty of every officer of the Crown to see that every offence against the law was brought before the tribunals, and the House might safely leave that in the hands of his friend. As to the imprisonment of the sitting member, too, it was to be remembered that in imprisoning the two men sent to gaol by order of the House, the House had done that which the highest Court had declared to be illegal. For his own part he was ready, no matter what the decision of the Privy Council, to ascertain the right of the House to proceed in this way.

Atty. Gen. Macdonald moved that the Provincial Parliament possessed all the power exercised by the House of Commons.

Atty. Gen. Macdonald said, the only effect of passing such a resolution as that of imprisonment would be to give rise to an action in which damages would be recovered from the Sergeant-at-Arms.

Mr. Mr. Siccote reminded the House that the Attorney General did not urge the law point as his principal reason for objecting to the imprisonment, although he mentioned that as a farther reason, and far from abandoning the acquired right of the Parliament of this country, the Attorney General was disposed to secure it by the passing of an act.

Atty. Gen. Cartier then intimated to the House that the Government would resist any motion for the issue of a new writ for the county of Lethbridge until an act should have been passed for disqualifying that parish which had been the cause of the mischief.

Hon. Mr. Drummond was opposed to disqualifying any place, whatever, and warned the House that if this remedy were adopted in one case, it must be extended to a great many others.

Mr. Dorion also thought there was a difficulty about disqualifying any place. In England this was only done for the offence of bribery. He had more faith in passing a law to secure a fair election.

The conversation then dropped.

FRIDAY May 14, 1858.

The Speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock.

Hon. M. Cameron presented a petition from Mr. Mercer, and a number of others, inhabitants of the County of Essex, praying for an investigation at the bar of the House into the irregularities apparent on the poll-books of the last election.

Mr. Mowat presented a petition against allowing labor to be performed on the canals and railways on Sundays.

Mr. Mowat also presented a petition that the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors may be prevented.

Mr. Mowat likewise presented a petition numerously signed, from the Medical Profession, praying for an act of incorporation.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Cameron, a committee was appointed to examine into the merits of Bruce's artificial Fertilizer.

Mr. Robinson introduced a bill to incorporate St. George's Society of Toronto.

Mr. Solicitor Gen. Ross moved the first reading of a bill to regulate the inspection of leather.

Mr. Ross also introduced a bill to amend the Act 19 and 20 Vic., chap. 87, relating to the Inspection of Flour and Meal.

The bill provided for the weighing as well as inspection of the quality of flour.

The bill provided that the Inspector should weight at least one out of every ten barrels.

This would give Canadian inspected flour an equal value to Europe to that inspected in America.

Mr. Smith moved the second reading of his bill to authorize Henry Rottan to surrender certain grants of Letters Patent, and to take a substitutional grant.

Mr. Brown and Mr. Mackenzie complained that they had not seen the bill.

It was therefore allowed to stand over.

Mr. Smith moved the second reading of his bill to legalize certain by-laws and ordinances of the town of Cobourg, which was carried.

The bill was referred to the Standing Committee on private bills.

Atty. Gen. Cartier said—I am about to make a motion of a very unusual character such as not been made since the two Provinces became united. From the evidence adduced with regard to the late Lethbridge election, there can be no doubt that the sitting member, Mr. O'Farrell, has counselled and aided in certain proceeding which necessitated from this House certain action with regard to him.

It has been proved beyond all controversy that during the two polling days in the parish of St. Sylvestre, Mr. O'Farrell aided and assisted in diverse acts of violence, by which the Deputy Returning Officer, Mr. George Cote, became dispossessed of the poll-book, which at the time was in Cote's lawful custody.

It was also proved, in evidence, that after the closing of the poll, when the Deputy Returning Officer, the Poll Clerk, and other parties met at the priest's house, Mr. O'Farrell advised and counselled the Deputy Returning Officer and the Poll Clerk to certify upon oath that the proceeding had been regular, when in fact they had not been so—when he knew that the poll-book had been falsified and did not advise the priest to do so.

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wreaching—and serving—sor—help—As the Germans approached, they sprung themselves down from the guard while one or two were seen to slide down the ropes and posts at the rear. How many were stuck or lost, cannot be ascertained, nor can it be guessed at now. There were some fifteen or twenty women on board, and some eight or ten are all that are thought to be saved.

The Railroad Slaughter at Utica
[See page 10 of the Rochester Union.]

We continue to receive intelligence from the scene of the dreadful disaster near Utica, and some of the wounded are added to the list of the dead. Among them our townsmen, Wm. H. Perkins, who expired this noon. What we have by telegraph will be found under the appropriate head. The gap in the Railroad at the Susquehanna has interrupted the connection of trains, and detained the mails, so that we are without full reports from Utica. Both the trains which arrived here this morning were made up at Syracuse. It seems to do that the mail agents or Railroad Company might have conveyed the mails by the first train over the breach so as to have brought them up in the second train. Passengers were but little more fortunate. None arrived home from the scene of the accident until late last night, and the first came by the Mail Train.

One of our citizens who spent some time yesterday at the scene, has described to us briefly as well as he was able, the aspect it presents. The wonder is that so many passengers escaped alive. Two of the forward passenger coaches were forced down into the chasm against the abutment of the bridge with so much violence that they were shattered to atoms. The hind car of the six was partly forced into the next before it in the form of a telescope. No one in the rear car was seriously injured, and two but slightly. The water in the creek is about four feet deep, and some were probably drowned beneath the debris of the train. Our informant examined the timbers of the bridge, but did not find them so bad as represented in the reports. The impression that the cause of the accident was the breaking down of the bridge is now quite general, and the broken axle theory is discarded. The number of killed and fatally wounded will in the end, we fear, aggregate as high as fifteen or twenty, and the wounded three times as many of the killed. The disaster is regarded as the worst of the year, and is by far the most serious which ever took place on a Railroad in the State of New York. As to the causes, and the ultimate consequences, we had better not speak too confidently now, as the investigation in progress will give the public light upon these points.

The Coroner's jury, in the case of the Susquehanna disaster, have agreed in their verdict. The finding of the jurors is understood to have been unanimous at once. The verdict is:—We find that the persons whose bodies have been viewed by us came to their death by the giving way of the bridge of the New York Central Railroad, crossing the Susquehanna Creek, in the town of Whitefish, Oneida county, on the morning of the 14th May, and they were all passengers coming East. The deaths were caused by the insecurity of the bridge, owing to same being decayed and rotten. A portion of the bridge was constructed of inferior timber, the same being bastard elm. We find the deaths were caused by culpable neglect on the part of the New York Central Railroad Company in not causing the bridge to be examined.

Toronto Spring Assizes.

SATURDAY, May 15.

The Court sat at half-past nine o'clock, and proceeded to sentence the prisoners who had been already tried.

W. E. Herbert (forgery) four years in the Penitentiary.

Thomas Orr (maulslayer) four years and six months in the Penitentiary.

Henry Dury and Thomas Fitzgerald (com. m. assault) fined £10, with two months in gaol.

Dennis Sheridan, Thomas Gibney and Patrick Downes (assault on St. Patrick's Day) fined £5 each.

John Mundy (bigamy) six months with hard labor.

John B. McNeely (perjury) three months, with £25 fine.

David Prentiss (stealing money in a dwelling house) in the Penitentiary.

George F. Bull (maulslayer) nine months with hard labor.

AN OMINOUS CIRCULAR.—The following circular is being handed about in a printed form:—Dear Sir,—The opinion has been almost universally expressed that it is absolutely necessary for the Catholics of the Province—particularly in the Western section of it, to form a fund to meet the law expenses of prosecution and defense, rendered necessary, and beyond the means of individuals, by the sanguinary attacks made upon us. It is therefore suggested that we should have a preliminary meeting of a few having this opinion, to consider the best steps to be taken to obtain our object. I hope, therefore, that it may be your convenience to attend a meeting to be held at the National Hotel, Cobourg Street, on Saturday evening.—I am Sir, yours truly, C. J. BALDWIN.—Toronto, 27th April, 1858.

CONSECRATION OF THE BISHOP OF KINGSTON.—On Saturday last, in St. Patrick's Church, the Rev. Mr. Horan, of the Laval University, was consecrated Bishop of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Kingston. The ceremony was one of great pomp and splendor and drew together an audience numbering six thousand. The consecration ceremony commenced at eight o'clock, A. M., and lasted until 10 o'clock, P. M.—Herald.

We are requested to mention that Thomas O'Flynn, supposed to be now in Canada, can find his wife in Cleveland, Ohio.—She came to America after him, and is very desirous of meeting him again. That is all the information we have received on the subject (very meager) but we ask our contemporaries to pass Thomas O'Flynn round, and see whether he is in the land of the living.

By Telegraph.

Arrival of the Niagara.

HALIFAX, May 10.

The Royal Mail steamship Niagara from Liverpool has just arrived at this port.

Consols for money 97½ to 97½.

The political news brought by the Niagara is not of much importance, but possesses some points of interest.

The British Government had announced in parliament that they had disapproved of the proclamation of the Governor General of India, confounding the lands in India. Sir Colin Campbell was to be created a Peer. The Spanish Cortes had been suddenly pro-

rogated and some of the members had tendered their resignation.

There is nothing like iron India.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS—MAY 8.

There had been a very active demand in the Liverpool market during the week, under the influence of which 81,000 boxes of cotton had been sold, and prices had advanced as compared with the rates current at the departure of the *Persia*.

Liverpool Headstuffs market was generally drooping, prices exhibiting a downward tendency, except in corn, in which there is an improvement.

Liverpool provision market generally firm except beef which is heavy.

WASHINGTON, May 19th.

The Cabinet to day resolved to reinforce the home squadron by every available means.

The *Colorado*, which sailed on Tuesday for St. Domingo, goes out to make enquiries into the insults and injuries of our Consul and citizens that is on the island. Despatches referred to the more recent proceedings of the British. Citizens in the gulf have been sent to meet the *Colorado* at St. Domingo.

The Tribune correspondence says, the message which the President intended to send to the Senate, in answer to the resolution of inquiry respecting the British outrages, was deferred for further consideration in the Cabinet.

Official evidence is received from our Consul at Havanna, containing the statements of several masters whose vessels had been searched. The testimony is clear and positive, and justifies the final action.

The correspondence has already been opened with Lord Napier, and from informal conference held there, there is every reason to believe that the outrages will be disavowed, and the offending officer dismissed.

There is an article in the Union this morning, denying that Col. Kuhn is a Commissioner of the Government to Utah. The article attracts a great deal of attention, and most persons believe that it contradicts the views of the administration about the last news.

ALAS FOR CANADA!—McKenzie's Message of last week classifies the new House of Assembly according to the profession or occupation. We have lawyers and editors, merchants and farmers in different proportions, but, strange to say their is but one gentleman. Who do our readers think is this Chesterfield in manners, this Bayard in honor, this Cato in morality; an enemy to snobbery, and model of dignified behavior? Don't blush, reader, for your country; it is—W. F. Powell—Gum-ble.

Special Notices.

Consumption.—AN OLD INDIAN DOCTOR while a Missionary among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains, discovered a RARE PLANT, that proves to be a certain cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Liver Complaints, Venereal Affections, Cancer, &c. Having now

consumed half his fortune and reduced from business, he will sell the prescription and directions for preparing his medicines free of charge to all who desire it, and will send their address enclosing two stamps (6 cents), to pay the return letter, with a description of their symptoms. The Old Doctor has cured more than 3000 cases of Consumption and hope all afflicted people will avail themselves of this opportunity, as the Doctor wishes to do all the good he can before his death.

DR. UNCAS BRANT, Box 3331 P. O., New York.

Consumption.—CURSED.—SALE TO COMMENCE AT 1 O'CLOCK, P. M. JOHN MAGUIRE, Auctioneer.

Newmarket, May 13th, 1858.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, May 20th, 1858.

There has been nothing doing in produce for the last few days owing to the unsettled weather and bad roads. Wheat is worth from 4s to 4s per bushel for medium to the best, with a rather more active demand, but insufficient to import much buoyancy to the market. The supply continues to fall.

Flour is unsettled, and, although there are a few small orders in the market, a downward tendency of prices is more than evident. Quotations as follows give only an index to the value, and cannot be relied on, whether to buy or sell. Superfine \$3 60 to \$3 75, fancy \$3 60 to \$3 90, and extra \$4 05 to \$4 15 per barrel.

NEWMARKET MARKETS.

Newmarket, May, 21 1858.

Our markets are rather dull, and there is very little produce of any kind, coming in, Butter and Eggs are enquired for,—other descriptions, except wheat, plentiful at the following prices:—

WHEAT, 75 cts. a 60 cts. SPRING WHEAT, 60cts. a 70cts. FLOUR, 95cts a \$5.

PEAS, 40 cts. OATS 25 cts.

BUTTER, 10cts. 13cts; ROLL 15cts in trade.

BEEF, \$3 a \$1, per 100 lbs., according to quality.

Potatoes, good 37½ cts.

Eggs, 9cts per dozen.

Cheese, prime, 12cts a 15cts per lb.

CORD WOOL, \$1.75cts for green; \$2 for dry.

—Starred.

By the Rev. Mr. McCallum, of the residence of the late Father Mr. Wm. H. Elbridge, of Newmarket, to Miss Maria Gordon, third daughter of Mr. John Gordon, of Wethersfield.

Dirt.

In North Gwillimbury, the 9th ult., Mr. Geo. N. Williams, aged 70 years.

Newmarket, May 13, 1858.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

20,000 Lbs., WOOL!

In exchange for Cloths, Tweeds, Flannel, Blankets, or Clothing. Considerable over the present cash price for WOOL will be allowed.

Farmers and Merchants having wool to dispose of are invited to call on the subscriber at his office in Park Street, Main St., where they will find a full assortment of Canadian Cloths, Suits, Tweeds, Flannel, Blankets, and Stocking Yarn. Also a handsome assortment of Superfine Imported Cloths, Tweeds, and vestments. A first class TAILOR constantly employed. Clothing made promptly, in the neatest style and warranted to fit.

5,000 Sheepskins Wanted,

For which the highest prices will be paid.

W. A. CLARK.

Newmarket, May 13, 1858.

THE Subscribers having lately erected a new PAPER MILL, at their Works at VALLEYFIELD, on the River St. Lawrence, for making

Wrapping, Brown and Manilla Papers,

Wrapping, Brown, Manilla and Printing Papers.

STATIONERY, &c!

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STATIONERY, &c!

A Theatrical Incident.

Some years ago the manager of a "well regulated theatre," somewhere along the Erie canal, engaged a good looking and brisk young lady as supernumerary. It happened that the young lady in question had formerly officiated in some capacity as a "hand" on board a canal boat, a fact which was extremely anxious to conceal. She evinced much anxiety to master the details of her newly chosen profession, and soon exhibited a more than ordinary degree of comic talent. She was early promoted, and in time became the general favorite with both manager and public. One night she was announced to appear in a favorite part; a couple of boatmen found their way into the pit near the footlights, particularly anxious to see the new famous comedienne. The house was crowded; and after the subdewe of general applause, which greeted her appearance, one of the boatmen clapped his companion on the shoulder and with an emphatic explosive, exclaimed loud enough to be heard over half the house—

"Bill, I know that gal!"

"Pshaw!" said Bill, "dry up."

"But I'm bluffed if I don't now, Bill, it's Sal Flukin, assure as you're born. She's old Flukin, daughter, that used to run the *Jiggedy-Polly*, and she used to sail with him!"

"Tom," said Bill, "you're fool, and if you don't stop your infernal clack 'you'll get put out.' Sal Flukin! You know a sight if you think that's her!"

Tom was silent, but not convinced. He watched the actress in all her motions with interest, and ere long broke out again—"I tell ye, Bill, that's her—I know 'tis. You can't fool me—I know her too well!"

Bill was a good deal interested in the play, was all out of patience at this persistent interruption on the part of Tom. He gave him a tremendous nudge in the ribs with his elbow, as an emphatic hint for him to "keep quiet."

Tom, without minding the admonition, said, "You just wait—I'll fix her—keep your eye on me."

Sure enough did fix her. Watching his opportunity when the actress was deeply absorbed in her part, he sang out in a voice which rang through the galleries—"Low bridge!"

From force of habit, the actress instantly and involuntarily ducked her head to avoid the anticipated collision. To no one with a perfect thunder of applause at this "palpable hit," high above which, Tom's voice could be heard, as he returned Bill's punch in the ribs with interest—

" Didn't I tell ye, old boy, I know 'twas her. You couldn't fool me!"

Amusement.

"There is a divinity that shapes our ends, as the pig remarked when he was contemplating the kinks in his tail."

"Time is like a river, in which metals and solid substances are sunk, while chaff and straw swim upon the surface."

"The old lady who believes every calamity that happens to herself a trial, and every one that happens to her friends a judgement, is not yet dead."

"Jones," said a sympathizing neighbor to a friend, "what in the world put instrument into your head?—Well, the fact is, I was getting short of shirts."

"Some one says, that human heads are like log-hedges—the less they contain the louder report they give of themselves. The smaller the calibre of the mind, the greater the bore of a perpetual open mouth."

"Would you not love to gaze on Niagara forever? I said a romantic young girl to her less romantic companion. 'Oh, no,' said he; 'I shouldn't like to have a cataract always in my eye.'

"Numbers engage their lives and labors, some to heap up a little dirt that shall bury them in the end; others to gain an honor, that at best can be celebrated but by an inconsiderate part of the world, and is envied and envied by more than it is truly given."

"An Irish witness in the Worcester Police Court refused to swear on the Bible the other day, and when asked the reason of his stubbornness, replied, 'An isn't it an American I am? What the devil's the use of getting naturalized, if I can't swear as the Yankees do?'

"A good wife is like a snail. Why? Because she keeps in her own house.—A good wife is not like a snail. Why? Because she does not carry her tail on her back.—A good wife is like a town clock. Why? Because she keeps good time.—A good wife is not like a town clock. Why? Because she does not speak so loud that all the town can hear her."

"An EXPLANATION.—Young, the author of 'Night Thoughts,' paid a visit to Potter, son of Archbishop Potter, who lived in a deep and dirty part of Kent, through which Young had scrambled with some difficulty and danger. 'Whose field was that I crossed?' asked Young on reaching his friend. 'Mine,' said Potter. 'True,' replied the poet; 'Potter's field, to bury strangers in.'

"When the learned pig was in the zenith of his popularity, a wag who attended the performance maliciously set before him some peat—a temptation which immediately caused the animal to lose his cue. The pig-exhibitor remonstrated with the author of the mischief upon the unfairness of the proceedings, when the latter replied that he merely wished to see whether the Pig knew his P's from his Q's."

RECIPROCITY OF CANADA.—Complaints are made by the Canadians, that the objects of the Reciprocity Treaty so far as they are concerned, have of late been thwarted by Mr. Moor, claiming to be the American Com-Gen-ral at Montreal. This functionary, professing to act under instructions from the Treasury Department, which, if genuine, would seem to both novel and vexatious, has appointed Consular agents in most of the principal Canadian towns, whose business it is to collect \$2 as certificate fees upon shipments to the United States. Property under \$100 in value is exempt, but all parcels worth that sum, or upwards, must pay, though declared by the treaty entitled to free entry. The pretext for this exaction is said to be that a Consular certificate is required for transit detention at the frontier, which every one acquainted with the trade between Canada and the States knows to be sheer nonsense. Our provincial neighbors look upon the proceeding as merely a Yankee trick to support office-binders by a levy of contributions upon their goods. And certainly there is too much probability in their interpretation of the case. The commerce arising under the Reciprocity Treaty is too valuable to ourselves, to be placed in jeopardy by any sharp practice. Let us have an explanation from the department at Washington. If the proceeding is justifiable, we will acknowledge it; if wrong, it cannot too soon be stopped."

N.Y. Times.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Mill Privilege and Saw Mill FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, a Saw Mill and first-rate site for GRIST MILL.

WITH 25 feet head and on a good stream. There are two better situations for a Grist Mill in Canada—the Mill at Aurora being the nearest on the South, with 60 mill to the East for many miles. The Saw Mill has 16½ feet head; and the sawyers are to cut up to 1000 to 1200 logs per year.

This property is beautifully situated on Lot No. 15, in the 3rd Con. of Whitchurch, and will be sold at a bargain. The Mill Site property covers an area of 12 Acres.

For further particulars, apply to Mr. E. Jackson, Newmarket; Messrs. Ashton & Mitchell, Aurora; or the undersigned at the premises, if by letter postpaid, at the Aurora P. O.

JARED LLOYD.

Whitchurch, Sept. 26, 1857.

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